

IV. ECCLESIASTICAL HISTORY	V. CONSTITUTIONAL AND ECONOMIC HISTORY	VI. CULTURAL LIFE
1599. James VI: <i>Basilikon Doron</i> , condemns Presbyterianism and asserts Divine Right of Kings.	1599. First postal rates fixed in Germany.	1599. Shakespeare: <i>Julius Caesar</i> . Juan de Mariana: <i>De Rege et Regis Institutione</i> , justifies tyrannicide.
1600. Nov.: James VI appoints three titular bishops in Scotland. Dec. 5: Scottish College founded in Rome.	1600. Dec. 31: East India Company established (<i>The Governour and Company of Merchants of London trading into the East Indies</i>). Amsterdam Bank founded. First endorsed bill of exchange, at Naples.	1600. Shakespeare: <i>Henry V</i> ; <i>As You Like It</i> ; <i>Much Ado</i> . Jonson: <i>Every Man out of His Humour</i> . William Gilbert discovers terrestrial magnetism. Feb. 17: Giordano Bruno burnt at Rome.
1601. Disputation between Protestants and Jesuits at Ratisbon.	1601. Postal agreement between Germany and France. John Wheeler, Secretary of the Merchant Adventurers: <i>A Treatise of Commerce</i> .	1601. Shakespeare: <i>Twelfth Night</i> ; <i>Troilus and Cressida</i> . Jonson: <i>Every Man in His Humour</i> . Oct. 24: Tycho de Brahe, astronomer, d.
1602. Persecution of Protestants in Bohemia and Hungary begins. 1602-1603. Violent recatholicization of Lower Austria.	1602. Mar. 20: Dutch East India Company established.	1602. Shakespeare: <i>Merry Wives of Windsor</i> . Bodleian Library opened. Tommaso Campanella: <i>Civitas Solis</i> (publ. 1620).
1603. July 17: James I grants toleration to Roman Catholics. Sept.: Henry IV calls Jesuits back to France.	1604. French East India Company established.	1602-1604. Galileo discovers laws of gravitation and oscillation. 1603. Shakespeare: <i>All's Well That Ends Well</i> ; <i>Hamlet</i> . Accademia dei Lincei, Rome, founded. Joh. Althusius: <i>Politica Methodice Digesta</i> ; theory of Monarchomachism.
1604. Mar. 3: Fausto Sozzini d. 1604-1619. Arminians attack doctrine of predestination in Netherlands.	1604. French East India Company established.	1604. Shakespeare: <i>Othello</i> ; <i>Measure for Measure</i> . Rob. Cawdrey: <i>Table Alphabetical</i> , first English dictionary. J.-A. De Thou: <i>Historiae sui Temporis</i> . J. V. Andreac: <i>Rosicrucian Writings</i> (anonymously publ. 1614).
1605. Pope Leo XI (Alexander de' Medici). Maurice of Hesse-Cassel converted to Calvinism.	1605. Dutch Calvinists admitted to Hamburg.	1605. Shakespeare: <i>King Lear</i> ; <i>Macbeth</i> . Bacon: <i>Advancement of Learning</i> . Cervantes: <i>Don Quixote</i> , pt. 1 (Engl. transl. 1612).
1605-1621. Pope Paul V (Camillo Borghese). 1606. Increase of titular bishops in Scotland; many Presbyterian ministers banished. Protestant church at Cracow demolished.	1606. Commercial treaty between England and France.	1606. J. Scaliger: <i>Thesaurus Temporum</i> . Galileo invents proportional compass. Shakespeare: <i>Antony and Cleopatra</i> . Nov.: John Lyly d.