

## 1617-1624

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IV. ECCLESIASTICAL HISTORY	V. CONSTITUTIONAL AND ECONOMIC HISTORY	VI. CULTURAL LIFE
<p>1617. <i>June 15</i>: Church lands in Béarn restored to Roman Catholics. <i>Sept. 25</i>: Francis Suarez, S.J., Spanish theologian, <i>d.</i></p>	<p>1617. <i>Mar. 7</i>: Bacon appointed Lord Keeper. Snellius invents triangulation.</p>	<p>1617. <i>Aug. 24</i>: <i>Fruchtbringende Gesellschaft</i> founded at Weimar, on the model of Accademia della Crusca. <i>Oct. 2</i>: Isaac Oliver, miniaturist, <i>d.</i></p>
<p>1618. <i>Aug. 27</i>: Five Articles of Perth enacted; victory of episcopal party. Benedictine Congregation of St. Maur, at St. Germain, founded; beginning of Patristic studies.</p>	<p>1618. <i>Jan. 7</i>: Bacon appointed Lord Chancellor. Declaration of Sports issued.</p>	<p>1618. G. R. Weckherlin: <i>Odes and Hymns.</i></p>
<p>1618-1619. General Synod of Calvinists at Dordrecht; victory of strict Calvinists (Gomarists), condemnation of Arminians (Remonstrants).</p>	<p>1619. Hamburg and Venice Banks founded.</p>	<p>1619. Dulwich College founded by Edw. Alleyn, Beaumont and Fletcher; <i>A King and No King.</i> <i>Jan. 7</i>: Nich. Hilliard <i>d.</i></p>
<p>1619. Hugo Grotius: <i>De Veritate Religionis Christianae.</i> J. Böhm: <i>On the three Principles of Christianity.</i></p>	<p>1620-1623. Great currency inflation in Germany.</p>	<p>1620. Francis Bacon: <i>Novum Organum Scientiarum.</i></p>
<p>1620. <i>June 19</i>: Massacre of Protestants in Valtellina. Bohemia, Palatinate, and Béarn recatholized by force.</p>	<p>1621. <i>Apr.-May</i>: Bacon impeached and deprived of Great Seal. Dutch West India Company founded.</p>	<p>1621. Rob. Burton: <i>Anatomy of Melancholy.</i> J. Barclay: <i>Argenis.</i> <i>June 6</i>: <i>Corante</i>, first English newspaper (-1641).</p>
<p>1621-1623. Pope Gregory XV (Alexander Ludovisi).</p>	<p>1622. <i>Feb. 8</i>: James I dissolves Parliament after 2 meetings. Hamburg creates currency of Mark Banco.</p>	<p>1622. Benedictine University of Salzburg founded. Asclius discovers lacteal vessels.</p>
<p>1621. <i>Nov. 16</i>: Gregory XV settles papal election (<i>Aeterni Patris</i>). Papal Chancery first adopts January 1 as beginning of the year; definitely adopted 1691.</p>	<p>1623. Dutch-Persian commercial treaty.</p>	<p>1623. First Folio edition of Shakespeare's plays. Massinger: <i>Duke of Milan.</i> Ch. Sorel: <i>Francion.</i></p>
<p>1622. <i>Apr. 17</i>: French Huguenots placed under Royal Commissioners.</p>	<p>1624. Parliament declares monopolies illegal.</p>	<p>1624. Herbert of Cherbury: <i>De Veritate</i>; standard work on Deism. Martin Opitz: <i>Buch von der deutschen Poeterey.</i> Helmont introduces the term gas.</p>
<p>1623-1644. Pope Urban VIII (Maffeo Barberini).</p>		
<p>1623. <i>Nov. 11</i>: Philippe Duplessis-Mornay, 'Pope of Huguenots', <i>d.</i></p>		
<p>1624. Lazarus Order founded.</p>		